

**SCHEDULE: HOPF ALGEBRAS AND GALOIS MODULE THEORY, MAY 21–25, 2018**

**Monday.**

- 9:00am** *Welcome*, Dave Booker (Dean, College of Arts & Sciences)
- 9:30am** Keating: *Bondarko's work on local additive Galois module theory: What he did.* 60 minutes
- 11:00am** Koch: *Greither-Pareigis theory, through the lens of algebraic geometry.* 60 minutes
- 1:30pm** Kohl: *Characteristic Subgroup Lattices and Hopf-Galois Structures.* 60 minutes
- 3:00pm** Truman: *Hopf-Galois module structure of weakly ramified extensions.* 60 minutes

**Tuesday.**

- 9:30am** Keating: *Bondarko's work on local additive Galois module theory: How he did it.* 60 minutes
- 11:00am** Childs: *On the Galois correspondence for Hopf Galois structures, I.* 60 minutes
- 1:30pm** Koch: *Isomorphisms within Hopf-Galois structures on separable field extensions.* 60 minutes
- Evening** One of only 4 remaining great Omaha Steakhouses, Johnny's Cafe <http://www.johnnyscafe.com/>, as featured in the 2002 Alexander Payne movie, *About Schmidt*.

**Wednesday.**

- 9:30am** Keating: *Bondarko's work on local additive Galois module theory: What to do with it.* 60 minutes
- 11:00am** Underwood: *Hopf-Galois Structures and a Characterization of Dihedral Extensions.* 60 minutes
- 1:30pm** Childs: *On the Galois correspondence for Hopf Galois structures, II.* 30 minutes
- Evening** Informal dinner: potroast, veg chili (both from slow cooker), mash potatoes and green beans.

**Thursday.**

- 9:30am** Kohl: *Multiple Holomorphs and Hopf-Galois Structures.* 60 minutes
- 11:00am** Truman: *Extensions of classical Hopf-Galois structures.* 60 minutes
- 1:30pm** Taylor: *Hopf-Galois module structure of a class of tame Quaternionic fields.* 60 minutes
- 3:00pm** Horner: *Adventures in  $S^3$ .* 30 minutes

**Friday.**

- 9:30am** Elder: *Sharp lower bounds on ramification breaks in extensions of degree  $p^3$ .* 60 minutes
- Afternoon** Group hike at Hitchcock Park, Iowa.
- Evening** Pool party at the Elder-berry Residence: 5624 Leavenworth St.

## ABSTRACTS

### **Lindsay Childs, University of Albany.**

*On the Galois correspondence for Hopf Galois structures, I.* 60 minutes

Abstract: Let  $L/K$  be a Galois extension of fields with Galois group  $\Gamma$ , and suppose  $L/K$  is also an  $H$ -Hopf Galois extension of type  $G$ . Using the connection between Hopf Galois structures and skew left braces, we introduce a method to quantify the failure of surjectivity of the Galois correspondence from subHopf algebras of  $H$  to intermediate subfields of  $L/K$ , given by the Fundamental Theorem of Hopf Galois Theory. Suppose  $L \otimes_K H = LN$  where  $N \cong (G, \star)$  (so the Hopf Galois structure has type  $G$ ). Then there exists a skew left brace  $(G, \star, \circ)$  where  $(G, \circ) \cong \Gamma$ . We show that there is a bijective correspondence between intermediate fields  $E$  between  $K$  and  $L$  and certain sub-skew left braces of  $G$ , which we call the  $\circ$ -stable subgroups of  $(G, \star)$ . Counting the  $\circ$ -stable subgroups and comparing that number with the number of subgroups of  $\Gamma \cong (G, \circ)$  describes how far the Galois correspondence for the  $H$ -Hopf Galois structure is from being surjective. The method is illustrated by a variety of examples.

*On the Galois correspondence for Hopf Galois structures, II.* 30 minutes

Abstract: We apply the left skew brace approach to understanding the image of the Galois correspondence for a Hopf Galois extension in the setting where the Hopf Galois extension corresponds to a pair of fixed point free homomorphisms from the Galois group  $\Gamma$  to the type group  $G$ .

### **Griff Elder, University of Nebraska at Omaha.**

*Sharp lower bounds on ramification breaks in extensions of degree  $p^3$*  60 minutes.

Abstract: Let  $L/K$  be a totally ramified, Galois extension of degree  $p^3$  where  $K$  is a characteristic  $p$  local field with perfect residue field. If the Galois group is abelian, a classification of all possible ramification breaks is available. In all cases, there is a description of the largest ramification break in terms of smaller ramification breaks. This description has three features: (1) There is a lower bound. (2) All integers above this lower bound that satisfy certain congruences are possible. (3) The lower bound doesn't satisfy the certain congruences. In this talk, I will consider this classification for nonabelian Galois groups. The same features arise. We will dwell on the most interesting feature, the lower bound.

### **Kevin Keating, University of Florida.**

*Bondarko's work on local additive Galois module theory: What he did.* 60 minutes

Abstract: In this talk I will survey the work of Bondarko on additive Galois module theory. The main question which he considers is the "local Leopoldt problem" for a finite totally ramified extension  $L/K$  of

local fields with Galois group  $G$ . This problem asks whether the ring of integers of  $L$  (or, more generally, a power of the maximal ideal of  $L$ ) is free over its associated order in  $K[G]$ .

*Bondarko's work on local additive Galois module theory: How he did it.* 60 minutes

Abstract: In this talk I hope to give some idea of the methods used by Bondarko to prove his results on additive Galois module theory, focusing of course on the simplest cases.

*Bondarko's work on local additive Galois module theory: What to do with it.* 60 minutes

Abstract: In this talk I will consider some possible ways to apply and extend Bondarko's work, possibly including some Crazy Ideas.

**Alan Koch, Agnes Scott College.**

*Greither-Pareigis theory, through the lens of algebraic geometry.* 60 minutes

Abstract: We give a group scheme-theoretic description of the Hopf Galois theory over separable field extensions. Our motivation is twofold. First, we wish to simplify certain isomorphism problems addressed in a recent paper by Koch, Kohl, Truman, and Underwood, namely: under what conditions do two Hopf-Galois structures on a separable field extension  $L/K$  have underlying Hopf algebras isomorphic to each other as  $K$ -algebras? Second, we wish to determine if this allows for an adaptation of Greither-Pareigis theory to purely inseparable field extensions; the existence of such a theory is a question posed by Childs in 2013.

*Isomorphisms within Hopf-Galois structures on separable field extensions.* 60 minutes

Abstract: Let  $L/K$  be a separable extension with Galois closure  $E$ , and let  $H_1$  and  $H_2$  be two  $K$ -Hopf algebras which provide Hopf-Galois structures on  $L/K$ . We will give a criterion for  $H_1$  and  $H_2$  to be isomorphic as  $K$ -Hopf algebras; moreover we will describe when  $H_1 \otimes_K F \cong H_2 \otimes_K F$  as  $F$ -Hopf algebras for some field  $K \subseteq F \subseteq E$ . In the case  $H_1, H_2$  commutative we will also describe when  $H_1 \cong H_2$  as  $K$ -algebras and  $H_1 \otimes_K F \cong H_2 \otimes_K F$  as  $F$ -algebras. Examples will be given in certain cases where  $L/K$  is Galois, group  $G$ , notably the cases where  $G$  is dihedral; elementary abelian of prime power degree; and cyclic of prime power degree.

**Tim Kohl, Boston University.**

*Characteristic Subgroup Lattices and Hopf-Galois Structures.* 60 minutes

Abstract: For  $K/k$  a Galois extension with group  $G$  where  $[K : k] = |G| = n$ , a Hopf-Galois structure arises due to the action of a Hopf algebra of the form  $H = (K[N])^{\lambda(G)}$  where  $N \leq B = \text{Perm}(G)$  is a regular permutation group, normalized by  $\lambda(G) \leq B$ , the left regular representation. Such an ' $N$ ' must belong to some isomorphism class  $[M]$  of groups, necessarily of order  $n$ , but need not be isomorphic to  $G$  itself. The

totality of all such groups is denoted  $R(G, [M])$ . For such an  $N$ , there must arise an injective correspondence between the characteristic subgroups of  $N$  and the subgroups of  $G$ . We utilize this to infer that  $R(G, [M])$  must be empty for quite a number of such pairings, for a given order  $n$ .

*Multiple Holomorphs and Hopf-Galois Structures.* 60 minutes

Abstract: For an abstract group  $G$ , the holomorph  $Hol(G)$  is the normalizer in  $B = Perm(G)$  of the left regular representation  $\lambda(G) \leq B$ . The multiple holomorph  $NHol(G)$  is the normalizer in  $B$  of  $Hol(G)$ , and the quotient group  $T(G) = NHol(G)/Hol(G)$  exactly parametrizes the set of those other regular subgroups of  $N \leq B$ , which are isomorphic to  $G$  and are such that  $Norm_B(N) = Norm_B(\lambda(G)) = Hol(G)$ . For  $K/k$  a Galois extension with group  $G$  where  $|G| = [K : k] = n$ , a Hopf-Galois structure arises due to the action of a Hopf algebra of the form  $H = (K[N])^{\lambda(G)}$  where  $N \leq B = Perm(G)$  is a regular permutation group, normalized by  $\lambda(G) \leq B$ . Such an ‘ $N$ ’ need not be isomorphic to  $G$ , but belongs to some isomorphism class  $[M]$  of groups, necessarily of order  $n$ . If  $R(G, [M])$  is the collection of all such  $N$ , we show that  $|T(M)|$  divides  $|R(G, [M])|$ . We also show some preliminary results on how to utilize two different group actions on  $R(G, [M])$  to give estimates/bounds on  $|R(G, [M])|$  overall, in terms of  $|Aut(G)|$  and  $|T(M)|$ .

**Stuart Taylor, Keele University.**

*Hopf-Galois module structure of a class of tame Quaternionic fields.* 60 minutes

Abstract: Galois extensions with Galois group isomorphic to the Quaternion group of order 8 have been important in the history of Galois module structure. Martinet gave examples of tame Quaternionic extensions of  $\mathbb{Q}$  with no normal integral basis. We study the Hopf-Galois module structure of some of these extensions.

**Paul Truman, Keele University.**

*Hopf-Galois module structure of weakly ramified extensions.* 60 minutes

Abstract: A finite Galois extension of local fields  $L/K$  with Galois group  $G$  is said to be weakly ramified if the second ramification group is trivial. A result of Johnston states that if  $L/K$  is weakly ramified then a fractional ideal  $\mathfrak{P}_L^n$  of  $L$  is free over  $\mathfrak{D}_K[G]$  if and only if  $n \equiv 1 \pmod{|G_1|}$ , and  $\mathfrak{D}_L$  is free over its associated order in  $K[G]$ . We investigate generalizations of this result to nonclassical Hopf-Galois structures.

*Extensions of classical Hopf-Galois structures.* 60 minutes

Abstract: In a recent preprint with Koch, Kohl and Underwood we investigated the following question: given a finite Galois extension of fields  $L/K$  and a subextension  $F/K$ , does a Hopf-Galois structure on  $L/K$  yield Hopf-Galois structures on  $L/F$  and  $F/K$ ? In this talk we turn the situation around and ask whether Hopf-Galois structures on  $L/F$  and  $F/K$  can be used to induce a Hopf-Galois structure on  $L/K$ . We restrict

ourselves to the case in which  $F/K$  is Galois and the Hopf-Galois structures on  $L/F$  and  $F/K$  are both classical.

**Rob Underwood, Auburn University at Montgomery.**

*Hopf-Galois Structures and a Characterization of Dihedral Extensions.* 60 minutes

Abstract: Let  $L/K$  be a Galois extension with non-abelian group  $G$ . Then  $L/K$  admits both a classical and canonical non-classical Hopf-Galois structure via the Hopf algebras  $K[G]$  and  $H_\lambda$ , respectively. By a theorem of C. Greither,  $K[G] \cong H_\lambda$  as  $K$ -algebras. In this talk we apply Greither's result to the case  $K = \mathbb{Q}$ ,  $G = D_3$  to yield a characterization of Galois extensions with group  $D_3$ . In the case  $G = D_4$ , Greither's theorem can be applied to a result of A. Ledet.

This is joint work with A. Koch, T. Kohl, and P.J. Truman.

#### 1. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

**Design of conference.** Talks are either 30 or 60 minutes.

In previous conferences, one of the features that everyone has enjoyed has been the inclusion of guiding principles, half-backed ideas, crazy conjectures. Please come with some to share.

**Lecture space.** The talks will be in Durham Science Center Room 254. There is a computer and projector connected to the Internet, along with a regular blackboard. So, if you would like, you can use both at the same time. There is also an ELMO, a document camera for projecting images from paper. And if you would like to use transparencies, it is possible with an advance request.

**Coffee, snacks & lunch.** There is a Starbucks in the Library next door to Durham Science Center that is open 10:30-2:00 each day. But we will also have a coffee machine in the room, pitcher of water/glasses along with fruit (apples, oranges, bananas) and bagels with cream cheese.

**Lunch.** The Food court in the Milo Bail Student center will be open from 7:30 till 2:00pm each day (Mexican, Asian and Italian food, as well as burgers, subway sandwiches, etc). Other options include Fuddruckers, Noodles & Company, Vietnamese-Thai Restaurant all slightly west of campus on 72nd St.

**Wi-Fi.** There is Wireless available, including *eduroam*. Visit <http://www.unomaha.edu/information-services/networks-and-connectivity.php>